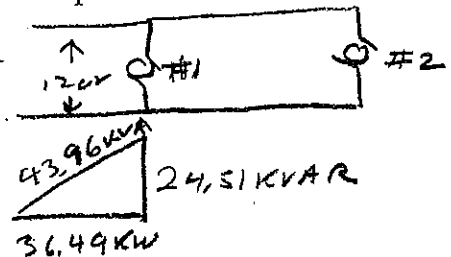


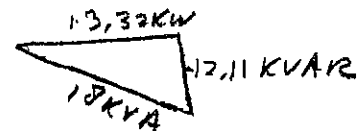
Two machines are connected in parallel to a 120V, 60 Hz line. The first puts out 45 HP of mechanical power; it is 92% efficient and has a power factor of 0.83 lagging. The second machine uses 18 KVA at 0.74 leading.

- Draw the power triangle for the first machine.
- Draw the power triangle for the second machine.
- Find the current in the line feeding these two machines.
- A 10 KVAR capacitor is connected across the power line. What is the new current in the line?

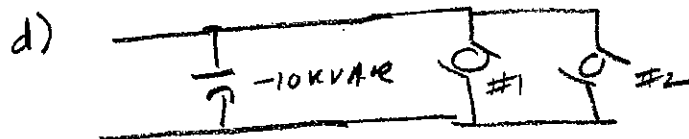
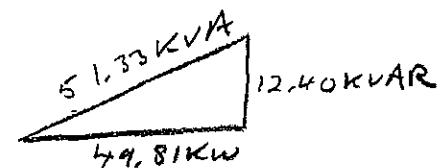
a) $45 \text{ HP} \times 746 \text{ W/HP} = 33,57 \text{ kW}$ of output power
 $P_{in} = P_{out}/\text{eff} = 33,57 \text{ kW}/0,92 = 36,49 \text{ kW}$
 $S = P/\cos\theta = 36,49 \text{ kW}/,83 = 43,96 \text{ KVA}$
 $Q = \sqrt{S^2 - P^2} = 24,51 \text{ KVAR}$



b) $P = S \cos\theta = 18 \text{ K} (0,74) = 13,32 \text{ kW}$
 $Q = \sqrt{S^2 - P^2} = (\text{minus}) 12,11 \text{ KVAR}$



c) Combined power triangles:
 $P = P_1 + P_2 = 36,49 \text{ kW} + 13,32 \text{ kW} = 49,81 \text{ kW}$
 $Q = Q_1 + Q_2 = 24,51 \text{ K} - 12,11 \text{ K} = 12,40 \text{ KVAR}$
 $S = \sqrt{P^2 + Q^2} = 51,33 \text{ KVA}$
 $I = S/V = 51,33 \times 10^3 / 120 = \underline{428 \text{ A}}$



It must be remembered that capacitors always have negative reactive power.

$Q = Q_{machines} + Q_{cap} = 12,40 \text{ K} - 10 \text{ K} = 2,40 \text{ KVAR}$

$S = \sqrt{P^2 + Q^2} = 49,87 \text{ KVA}$

$I = S/V = 49,87 \times 10^3 / 120 = \underline{416 \text{ A}}$

